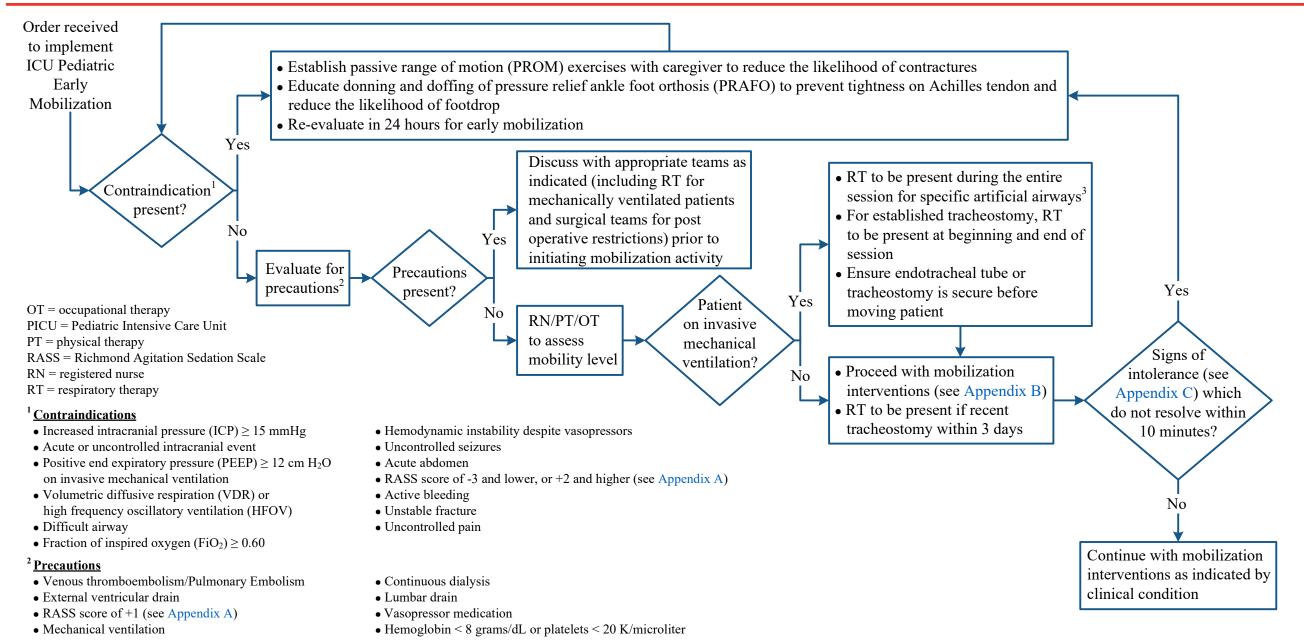
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³ Any exceptions outside of established tracheostomies need to be cleared by PICU physician

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APPENDIX A: Richmond Agitation Sedation Scale (RASS) APPENDIX B: Mobility Levels

+4	Combative	Overly combative, violent, immediate danger to staff	Mobility Level	Interventions • PROM BID x 10 repetitions with family/nursing staff/nursing assistant staff
+3	Very agitated	Pulls or removes tube(s) or catheter(s); aggressive	Level 1RASS -5 to +2Functional Level:Total AssistLevel 2RASS -2 to +2Functional Level:Maximum toModerate AssistLevel 3RASS -1 to +2Functional Level:Moderate Assistto Supervision	 Splinting and repositioning every 2 hours by nursing staff/nursing assistant staff Bed in chair position BID by nursing staff/nursing assistant staff for 20 minutes to 2 hours Skilled therapeutic interventions by PT/OT as indicated ROM exercises BID x 10 repetitions with family/nursing staff/nursing assistant staff Splinting and repositioning every 2 hours by nursing staff/nursing assistant staff Bed in chair position BID by nursing staff/nursing assistant staff
+2	Agitated	Frequent non-purposeful movement, fights ventilator		
+1	Restless	Anxious, but movements not aggressive or vigorous		
0	Alert and calm	-		
-1	Drowsy	Not fully alert, but has sustained awakening (eye-opening/eye contact) to voice (≥ 10 seconds)		 OOB to neuro chair with family/nursing staff/nursing assistant staff for 30 minutes to 2 hours Skilled therapeutic interventions by PT/OT as indicated Participate in ADL
-2	Light sedation	Briefly awakens with eye contact to voice (< 10 seconds)		 Home exercise program BID Reposition every 2 hours while in bed OOB to bedside chair for 30 minutes to 2 hours Ambulate as directed by PT/OT
-3	Moderate sedation	Movement or eye openings to voice (but no eye contact)		
-4	Deep sedation	No response to voice, but movement or eye opening to physical stimulation		 Skilled therapeutic interventions by PT/OT as indicated Participate in ADL
-5	Unarousable	-		Kay

APPENDIX C: Signs of Intolerance

- Oxygen saturation < 88%
- Increased work of breathing
- Use of accessory muscles
- Perioral cyanosis
- Breath holding
- Nasal flaring
- Subcostal retractions
- Change in character of cry
- Development of any contraindications
- Vital signs outside of pediatric normative values (see Appendix D)
 Irritability

APPENDIX D: Pediatric Normative Values	
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Age Group	Respiratory Rate per minute	Heart Rate per minute	Systolic Blood Pressure (mmHg)
Newborn (< 1 month)	30-50	120-160	50-70
Infant (1-12 months)	20-30	80-140	70-100
Toddler (1-3 years)	20-30	80-130	80-110
Preschooler (4-5 years)	20-30	80-120	80-110
School age (6-12 years)	20-30	70-110	80-120
Adolescent (> 12 years)	12-20	55-105	110-120

<u>Key</u>

Total Assist (patient performs 0-24%) Maximum Assist (patient performs 25-49%) Moderate Assist (patient performs 50-74%) Minimum Assist (patient performs 75-99%) Supervision (assist patient with set up and/or cuing)

ROM = range of motion OOB = out of bed ADL = activities of daily living BID = twice daily Page 2 of 4

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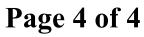
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DEVELOPMENT CREDITS

This practice consensus statement is based on majority opinion of the ICU Pediatric Mobilization experts at the University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center for the patient population. These experts included:

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